(Registration number: 074-244-NPO)

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

## **General Information**

Country of incorporation and domicile South Africa

Nature of business and principal activities Education, Community Development and Poverty Alleviation

**Directors** I Adams

J Browne C Bula N Dwayi T Gaxamba L Jayiya

T Mabizela N Mgoduka A Mukhieber S Thysse

Registered office 19 Sherlock Street

Richmond Hill Port Elizabeth

6001

Business address 19 Sherlock Street

Richmond Hill Port Elizabeth

6001

Bankers First National Bank

Auditors Michael Howcroft Incorporated

Chartered Accountants (SA)

Registered Auditors IRBA No: 954608 81 Cape Road Mill Park Port Elizabeth

6001

Executive Member J McKeown

Company registration number 074-244-NPO

Tax reference number 9162378187

The organisation is exempt from taxation.

Level of assurance These financial statements have been audited in compliance with the

applicable requirements of the Nonprofit Organisations Act.

Preparer The financial statements were internally compiled by:

C. Woolard

Financial Manager

**Issued** 14 June 2022

## **Contents**

The reports and statements set out below comprise the financial statements presented to the executive members:

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Level of assurance

These financial statements have been audited in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Nonprofit Organisations

## **Preparer**

C. Woolard Financial Manager

## **Published**

14 June 2022

(Registration number: 074-244-NPO)

Approval of financial statements

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# **Directors' and Officers' Responsibilities and Approval**

The directors are required by the Nonprofit Organisations Act, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the organisation as at the end of the financial year and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control established by the organisation and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the organisation sets standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the organisation and all employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the organisation's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the organisation is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the organisation. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the organisation endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The organisation are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the preparation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the company's cash flow forecast for the year to 31 March 2023 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, They are satisfied that the organisation has or has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the organisation's financial statements. The financial statements have been examined by the organisation's external auditors and their report is presented on pages 5 to 6.

The financial statements and supplementary information set out on pages 7 to 18, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board of directors on 14 June 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

1.14%		
Director	Director	

(Registration number: 074-244-NPO)

Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# **Directors' Report**

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report on the financial statements of Masinyusane Development Organisation for the year ended 31 March 2022.

### 1. Review of financial results and activities

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Nonprofit Organisations Act. The accounting policies have been applied consistently compared to the prior year.

Full details of the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the organisation are set out in these financial statements.

#### 2. Directors

The directors in office at the date of this report are as follows:

Directors I Adams J Browne C Bula N Dwayi T Gaxamba L Jayiya T Mabizela N Mgoduka A Mukhieber	Nationality South African
A Mukhieber S Thysse	South African South African

## 3. Property, plant and equipment

There was no change in the nature of the property, plant and equipment of the organisation or in the policy regarding their use.

#### 4. Events after the reporting period

The directors are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report, that requires disclosure.

#### 5. Going concern

The directors believe that the organisation has adequate financial resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future and accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have satisfied themselves that the organisation is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The directors are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the organisation. The directors are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the organisation. The directors do not feel that the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic will have a material effect on the donations inome and profitability of the organisation in the coming financial year. Contracts are in place with all major donors. The organisation was very profitable during the year.

## 6. Auditors

Michael Howcroft Incorporated continued in office as auditors for the organisation for 2022.

At the AGM, the shareholders will be requested to reappoint Michael Howcroft Incorporated as the independent external auditors of the organisation and to confirm Mr MI Howcroft as the designated lead audit partner for the 2023 financial year.





# MICHAEL HOWCROFT INCORPORATED

(Registration number: 1995/06034/21)
REGISTERED AUDITOR

81 Cape Road, Mill Park, Port Elizabeth 6001. P O Box 12342, Centrahil 6006 Telephone +27 41 3734752. Telefax +27 41 3734796 email: info@howinc.co.za Website: http://www.howinc.co.za

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

### To the directors of Masinyusane Development Organisation

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Masinyusane Development Organisation set out on pages 7 to 17, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Masinyusane Development Organisation as at 31 March 2022, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Nonprofit Organisations Act.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the organisation in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code) and other independence requirements applicable to performing audits of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IRBA Code and in accordance with other ethical requirements applicable to performing audits in South Africa. The IRBA Code is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Parts A and B). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Report and the Detailed Income Statement as required by the Nonprofit Organisations Act, which we obtained prior to the date of this report. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities and the requirements of the Nonprofit Organisations Act, and for such internal control as the directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the organisation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intends to liquidate the organisation or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  organisation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organisation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organisation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and
  whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Michael Howcroft Incorporated

MI Howcroft

Partner

Chartered Accountants (SA)

Registered Auditors IRBA No: 954608

14 June 2022 Port Elizabeth 81 Cape Road Mill Park Port Elizabeth 6001

# **Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2022**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2022	2021
Assets			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	2	4 148 680	3 994 541
Current Assets			
Trade and other receivables	3	429 721	259 280
Cash and cash equivalents	4	8 515 695	4 752 182
		8 945 416	5 011 462
Total Assets		13 094 096	9 006 003
Equity and Liabilities			
Equity Retained income		7 546 117	6 236 590
Liabilities		3 <del> </del>	
Non-Current Liabilities			
Other financial liabilities	6		250 000
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payables	5	59 011	56 073
Other financial liabilities	6	-	500 000
Deferred income	7	5 488 968	1 963 340
		5 547 979	2 519 413
Total Liabilities		5 547 979	2 769 413
Total Equity and Liabilities		13 094 096	9 006 003

# **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2022	2021
Revenue	8	22 745 602	11 936 725
Other income		327 467	450 967
Operating expenses		(21 420 109)	(11 269 235)
Operating profit	9	1 652 960	1 118 457
Investment revenue Finance costs	10	74 722 (418 155)	59 287 -
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income		1 309 527	1 177 744
Total comprehensive income for the year		1 309 527	1 177 744



# **Statement of Changes in Equity**

Figures in Rand	Retained income	Total equity
Balance at 01 April 2020	5 058 846	5 058 846
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	1 177 744	1 177 744
Total comprehensive income for the year	1 177 744	1 177 744
Balance at 01 April 2021	6 236 590	6 236 590
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	1 309 527	1 309 527
Total comprehensive income for the year	1 309 527	1 309 527
Balance at 31 March 2022	7 546 117	7 546 117



# **Statement of Cash Flows**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	13	5 201 595	3 338 000
Interest income		74 722	59 287
Finance costs		(418 155)	-
Net cash from operating activities		4 858 162	3 397 287
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	2	(344 649)	-
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of other financial liabilities		(750 000)	(2 000 000)
Net cash from financing activities		(750 000)	(2 000 000)
Total cash movement for the year		3 763 513	1 397 287
Cash at the beginning of the year		4 752 182	3 354 895
Total cash at end of the year	4	8 515 695	4 752 182

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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1. Basis of preparation and summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities, and the Nonprofit Organisations Act. The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, and incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below. They are presented in South African Rands.

These accounting policies are consistent with the previous period.

#### 1.1 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which the company holds for its own use or for rental to others and which are expected to be used for more than one period.

An item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company, and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment is initially measured at cost.

Cost includes costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of property, plant and equipment and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Expenditure incurred subsequently for major services, additions to or replacements of parts of property, plant and equipment are capitalised if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the company and the cost can be measured reliably. Day to day servicing costs are included in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, except for land which is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation of an asset commences when the asset is available for use as intended by management. Depreciation is charged to write off the asset's carrying amount over its estimated useful life to its estimated residual value, using a method that best reflects the pattern in which the asset's economic benefits are consumed by the company.

The useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment have been assessed as follows:

Item	Depreciation method	Average useful life
Buildings	Straight line	20 years
Motor vehicles	Straight line	5 years

Land is not depreciated.

Depreciation is not charged to an asset if its estimated residual value exceeds or is equal to its carrying amount.

When indicators are present that the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment have changed since the most recent annual reporting date, they are reassessed. Any changes are accounted for prospectively as a change in accounting estimate.

Impairment tests are performed on property, plant and equipment when there is an indicator that they may be impaired. When the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment is assessed to be higher than the estimated recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss to bring the carrying amount in line with the recoverable amount.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its continued use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item, is included in profit or loss when the item is derecognised.



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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# **Accounting Policies**

#### 1.2 Financial instruments

#### Initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at the transaction price (including transaction costs except in the initial measurement of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value through profit or loss) unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction in which case it is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

#### Financial instruments at amortised cost

These include loans, trade receivables and trade payables. Those debt instruments which meet the criteria in section 11.8(b) of the standard, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments which are classified as current assets or current liabilities are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash expected to be received or paid, unless the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction.

At each reporting date, the carrying amounts of assets held in this category are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence of impairment. If there is objective evidence, the recoverable amount is estimated and compared with the carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 1.3 Leases

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the lessee. All other leases are operating leases.

#### Operating leases - lessee

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless:

- another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the benefit from the leased asset, even if the payments are not on that basis, or
- the payments are structured to increase in line with expected general inflation (based on published indexes or statistics) to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases.

#### 1.4 Impairment of assets

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment or any other asset that it has or aquired must be impaired.

If there is any such indication, the recoverable amount of any affected asset (or group of related assets) is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or group of related assets) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or group of assets) in prior years. A reversal of impairment is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## 1.5 Employee benefits

#### Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as leave pay and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

# **Accounting Policies**

### 1.6 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the company will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement; and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

#### 1.7 Revenue

Donation income without future performance conditions is recognised when received and banked. If there are performance conditions, the donation income is recorded as deferred income and recognised when the performance conditions are met. Donation income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding sales taxes and discounts.

Interest is recognised, in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

#### 1.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand	2022	2021

## Property, plant and equipment

	12 <del>-</del>	2022			2021	
	Cost	Accumulated Codepreciation	arrying value	Cost	Accumulated 0 depreciation	arrying value
Land	1 600 000	-	1 600 000	1 600 000	_	1 600 000
Buildings	2 989 048	(914 994)	2 074 054	2 989 048	(765 542)	2 223 506
Motor vehicles	708 151	(233 525)	474 626	363 500	(192 465)	171 035
Total	5 297 199	(1 148 519)	4 148 680	4 952 548	(958 007)	3 994 541

## Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2022

	Opening balance	Additions	Depreciation	Closing balance
Land	1 600 000	-	-	1 600 000
Buildings	2 223 506	-	(149 452)	2 074 054
Motor vehicles	171 035	344 649	(41 058)	474 626
	3 994 541	344 649	(190 510)	4 148 680

## Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - 2021

	Opening balance	Depreciation	Closing balance
Land	1 600 000	-	1 600 000
Buildings Motor vehicles	2 372 958	(149 452)	2 223 506
	198 300	(27 265)	171 035
	4 171 258	(176 717)	3 994 541

## **Details of properties**

## Erf 2524, 68 Rubin Crescent, Summerstrand, Port Elizabeth

- Purchase price: 22 July 2015 - Land - Purchase price : 22 July 2015 - Buildings - Capitalised expenditure	800 000 966 011	800 000 966 011
- Accumulated depreciation	83 907 (537 957)	83 907 (485 460)
	1 311 961	1 364 458
Erf 2532, 52 Rubin Crescent, Summerstrand, Port Elizabeth		

- Purchase price: 23 July 2018 - Land	800 000	800 000
- Purchase price: 23 July 2019 - Buildings	1 939 130	1 939 130
- Accumulated depreciation	(377 037)	(280 082)
	2 362 093	2 459 048

The property, 52 Rubin Crescent, Summerstrand, Port Elizabeth, is pledged as security in terms of the loan described in note 6. The latest available municipal values of the two properties in the current financial year is R4,300,000.

#### Trade and other receivables

VAT	408 721	245 280
Reimbursement floats	21 000	14 000
	429 721	259 280

# **Notes to the Financial Statements**

2022	2021
8 515 695	4 752 182
29 011	26 073
	30 000 <b>56 073</b>
-	750 000
<u>-</u>	250 000
-	
	500 000
	750 000
5 488 968	1 963 340
19 816 621 2 928 981	7 459 505 4 477 220
22 745 602	11 936 725
73 321	70 153
	8 515 695  29 011 30 000  59 011



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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
10. Investment revenue		
Interest revenue		
3ank	<u>74 722</u>	59 287
11. Taxation		
No provision has been made for 2022 tax as the organisation has no tax	able income. The NPO is exempt from to	axation.
2. Auditors' remuneration		
Fees	30 000	30 000
3. Cash generated from operations		
Profit before taxation	1 309 527	1 177 744
Adjustments for: htterest received	(74 722)	(59 287
inance costs	418 155	(59 201
Depreciation	190 512	176 718
Changes in working capital:	100 012	110710
Frade and other receivables	(170 444)	991 590
Frade and other payables	2 939	11 790
Deferred income	3 525 628	1 039 445
	5 201 595	3 338 000

## 14. Commitments

## Operating leases – as lessee (expense)

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the company for of its office property situated at 19 Sherlock Street, Richmond Hill, Port Elizabeth. The lease commenced on 1 January 2021 and terminated on 31 December 2021. Thereafter the lease should have continued on an annual basis. However, both parties decided to continue with the lease on a monthly basis. No long term contractual obligation exists at 31 March 2022.

#### 15. Related parties

## Relationships

**Directors** 

Members of key management - CoFounder and Managing Director Close family member of key management

Refer to the directors' report

J McKeown A McKeown

## Compensation paid to key management and family member of key management

J McKeown	-	49 500
A McKeown	188 400	142 500
	188 400	192 000

## 16. Directors' remuneration

No emoluments were paid to the directors or any individuals holding a non-executive position during the year.



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Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

Figures in Rand	2022	2021
rigated in realia		

#### 17. Going concern

The directors have satisfied themselves that the organisation is in a sound financial position and that it has access to sufficient borrowing facilities to meet its foreseeable cash requirements. The directors are not aware of any new material changes that may adversely impact the organisation. The directors are also not aware of any material non-compliance with statutory or regulatory requirements or of any pending changes to legislation which may affect the organisation. The directors do not feel that the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic will have a material effect on the donations inome and profitability of the organisation in the coming financial year. Contracts are in place with all major donors. The organisation was very profitable during the current year.

### 18. Events after the reporting period

The directors are not aware of any material event which occurred after the reporting date and up to the date of this report.



# **Detailed Income Statement**

Figures in Rand	Note(s)	2022	2021
Danner			
Revenue Donations received - South Africa		19 816 621	7 459 505
		2 928 981	4 477 220
Donations received - Overseas			
	8	22 745 602	11 936 725
Other income			
TERS and ETI income		327 467	450 967
Interest received	10	74 722	59 287
		402 189	510 254
On continue armana a			-
Operating expenses Auditors remuneration	12	(30 000)	(30 000)
Bank charges		(96 440)	(28 631)
School Partnerships - Children's education and food parcels		(9 225 480)	(4 708 723)
School Partnerships - Cultural and sports clubs		(8 018)	(15 158)
School Partnerships - School renovations		(2 086 692)	(294 529)
School Partnerships - Nutrition and welfare		(18 641)	(20 496)
Top Learner - Masinyusane Houses of Excellence		(507 330)	(506 995)
Top Learner - Bursary Programmes		(6 <sup>538</sup> 619)	(3 126 976)
Top Learner - University student support		(1 420 384)	(1 122 570)
Top Learner - High school student support		(373 706)	(251 242)
Fundraising		(443 244)	(318 151)
Lease rentals on operating lease		(73 321)	(70 153)
Motor vehicle, printing and stationery, meetings and telephone expenses		(310 058)	(593 787)
Other expenses		(96 176)	(97 751)
Staff costs		(192 000)	(84 073)
		(21 420 109)	(11 269 235)
Operating profit	9	1 727 682	1 177 744
Finance costs		(418 155)	_
Profit for the year		1 309 527	1 177 744